

they have named Amos, observe that "no revenue is attached to the dignity of Chieflain; on the contrary, he is expected to distribute of his own earnings to the poor. He is, at the same time, a *keeper of wood, and drawer of water* for our mission family; a service which he performs every Friday, and esteems so highly, that I question if he would exchange places with King William himself." Christianity, it seems, is the same thing on an eastern throne and amid the snows and ice of the pole. David said he had rather be a doer in the house of his God, than to dwell in the tents of wickedness. Query, to whom does the title of "servant of the servants of God" most appropriately belong, to the Pope, or this converted Esquimaux chief?

**MICHIGAN CONVENTION.**—Extract of a letter to the Editor of the Christian Secretary, from Rev. R. Trumbull, Pastor of the Baptist church in Detroit, dated Detroit, Sept. 29, 1836.

The formation of a Baptist State Convention in this interesting and rising country, is a most auspicious event in the history of our denomination in Michigan. It will, I have no doubt, at once concentrate our energies, and give them a more direct and vigorous impulse. We have also just held our anniversary of "The Michigan Association." The season was one of great interest. The churches are greatly improving, and all the benevolent operations of Christian enterprise are cheerfully and liberally patronized, in correspondence at least with our ability. About \$30 or \$100 were raised on the ground for missionary and education purposes. We had a young Indian present, by the name of Joseph Elliott the second, who it is thought, possesses gifts for the sacred ministry, who addressed the Association in a simple and most pathetic strain, and whom we "resolved" to educate for the service of "the Master." About \$50 were subscribed on the spot, to defray the expenses of his education.

**REVIVALS.** It is refreshing to learn that the Lord is again favoring Zion.—We have truly experienced a wintry season, but there are some indications that Spring is drawing nigh. Christians in many places have become sensible of their languishing state and have commenced crying unto the Lord, "Restore unto me the joy of thy salvation;" and their prayers have been heard in Heaven.

We understand that the churches in Gilmanton, Gilead, 2d Moredah, Warner, and Amoskeag, have been revived, and that several in those places are now rejoicing in hope.

Brother Robbins of Effingham, writes Oct. 13th, "Last Sabbath five persons were baptized and united with the church, making in all twenty-three since my ordination, nineteen of whom are heads of families. A number more expect to be baptized soon. We trust the good work is still progressing."—N. H. B. Reg.

**PREMIUM OFFERED.**—The sum of one hundred dollars having been pledged for the purpose, the same is offered for the best tract which shall be deemed suitable and appropriate, not to exceed 24 pages, on the *injurious influence of theatrical entertainments*; to be submitted to the selecting committee of the Baptist general tract society on or before the first of April, 1837. Competitors for the premium will send in their communications to I. M. Allen, general agent of the Baptist General Tract Society, with suitable marks and real name under seal, said seal not to be broken unless the premium be adjudged to the tract to which it is attached, in which case it will be opened, and the successful candidate duly informed.

Religious editors are respectfully requested to give the above a suitable number of insertions in their respective papers.

**AMERICAN BOARD.**—A subscription has been opened in Boston in favor of the American Board, which already amounts to \$11,452; and it is expected, that the same will be increased to \$12,000. Forty additional missionaries, now in readiness, are to be immediately sent forth. It is expected that two hundred and eighty or ninety thousand dollars will be needed to meet the expenditures of the year, ending July 1, 1837.—*Christian Watchman.*

# LEGISLATIVE.

[Condensed from the Vermont Patriot.]

SATURDAY, Oct. 22.

**SENATE.**—Prayer by the Chaplain.—Mr. Merrill submitted a resolution to instruct the Judiciary committee to inquire into the expediency of enacting a general law respecting banking and other corporations, and report by bill or otherwise.

Mr. M. explained his reasons at length. He was highly gratified at the disposition evinced by the Senate to save time and expense; and his object in introducing this resolution was to save expense to the people and likewise to afford them security against the frauds and improper practices of corporations. He had been informed that no banks would discount a note of a corporation; and if one corporation would not trust another; he thought the people ought to have some security respecting them. He thought the power to legislate specially, as conferred by the constitution, was exclusively of a remedial nature.—They had power to enact general laws and to redress individual grievances, but he was opposed to the exercise of general powers of partial legislation. The resolution was adopted.

Mr. Waterman submitted a resolution to appoint a committee of three to inquire into the expediency of restricting the number of justices of the peace in any town to 10—in towns not containing over 2000 inhabitants 6—not over 1500 to 5—not over

1000 to 4. Messrs. Waterman, Ranney and Miller were appointed said committee.

**HOUSE.**—Bills introduced.—By Mr. Carpenter of Waitsfield, in relation to common schools, referred to the committee on Education.

**RESOLUTIONS INTRODUCED.**—By Mr. Fitch appointing Samuel C. Crafts, to settle the accounts of the Superintendent of the State House.

**PETITIONS REFERRED.**—Of 90 young men of Vergennes and of C. A. Thomas and others; referred to the select committee on Licences. Of citizens of Cornwall for a repeal of the licence law; referred to the select committee of one from each county.

MONDAY, Oct. 24.

**SENATE.**—Prayer by Rev. Mr. Kelley. Bills introduced.—By Mr. Sheldon, to incorporate an asylum for the poor in the county of Franklin. Read a first and second time and referred to the committee composed of the members from Franklin county. By Mr. Smith to prohibit the circulation of foreign small bills under \$5.00. Read a first and second time and referred to the committee on Banks.

The resolution instructing our Senators and requesting our Representatives in Congress to exert themselves to abolish slavery in the District of Columbia, was taken up under the rules of the Senate and on motion of Mr. Pierpont laid on the table and made the order of the day for Friday next.

**HOUSE.**—Prayer by Rev. Mr. Smith. Reports of Committees.—By the general committee against the bill relative to retailers of ardent spirits (physicians not to be deemed retailers when selling only for medical use) and the bill was dismissed; in favor of the bill in addition to the act incorporating the Village of Brattleboro', and the bill was laid on the table; in favor of the bill to preserve fish in Shattuck Pond, and the bill was laid upon the table.

**BILLS PASSED.**—The engrossed bill from the Senate, to pay S. H. Jenison \$613.83. The Senate came in, and in joint committee with the House, proceeded to make the following appointments: Surveyor-General, John Johnson of Burlington.—David Pierce of Woodstock was chosen auditor unanimously. Bank Commissioner, Harry Hale. Commissioners of Deaf and Dumb, John Smith, E. N. Briggs and Allen Wardner.

[Condensed from Walton's Daily Journal.]

TUESDAY, Oct. 25.

**SENATE.**—Memorials.—Mr. Bell presented the memorial of the inhabitants of Middlebury, in relation to the sale of ardent spirits, praying a total prohibition.—Mr. B. remarked that the memorial was upon an important subject touching the vital interests of the community, and relating to a traffic which was a fruitful source of much of the misery and crime with which the country was afflicted.—The memorial, he said, was signed by a large and respectable proportion of the inhabitants of the town, including professional men, merchants, mechanics and farmers; read, and after remarks in its favor by Mr. Bell, referred to a select committee, consisting of Messrs. Bell, Young and Ranney; memorial of the inhabitants of Bethel, against the petition of the centre Turnpike Co. referred to committee on roads and canals.

**BILLS INTRODUCED.**—By Mr. Merrill, incorporating the Bennington manufacturing and printing company; capital not to exceed \$300,000 for manufacturing and stamping cotton goods; read the 1st and 2d time, and referred to committee on manufactures.

**ELECTION OF U. S. SENATOR.**—The ballots in the senate were for Mr. Prentiss 16, Mr. Bradley 11, Titus Hutchinson 2, Jacob Collamer 1.

IN THE HOUSE.	1st	2d
Samuel Prentiss	110	114
Wm. C. Bradley	85	83
Titus Hutchinson	18	17
Horace Everett	3	3
William Upham	3	2
John Mattocks	1	1
Daniel Kellogg	1	1
	221	221

**SAMUEL PRENTISS** was declared duly elected.

2 o'clock, P. M.

**SENATE.**—Mr. Hebard introduced a bill to prevent intemperance.—referred to select committee on that subject. (Intoxication an offence punishable by imprisonment.)

THURSDAY, Oct. 27.

**SENATE.**—Prayer by the Chaplain.—Resolutions.—By Mr. Ranney, relating to the appointment of justices of the peace in this state; providing that the number shall not exceed twelve in any one town; read and passed.

**BILLS.**—By Mr. Bell, to prevent circus riding in this state. The President decided that it was a revenue bill, and must originate in the other house. Mr. Bell appealed from the decision of the chair, when on motion of Mr. Howe, the motion was laid on the table.

**Resolution, by Mr. Howe, to encourage the manufacture of silk goods in this state; referred to the committee on manufactures.** Message, from the House, that that body had concurred in the resolution of the senate, limiting the number of justices of the peace.

FRIDAY, Oct. 28.

**SENATE.**—Prayer by the Chaplain.—Bills.—By Mr. Kinsman, incorporating the Barre manufacturing company—capital stock \$200,000, for manufacturing cotton and woolen goods; read twice and referred to the committee on manufactures; by Mr. Ranney, incorporating the West Townsend Woolen manufacturing company—capital stock \$50,000; read twice, and referred to the committee on manufactures.

Message, from the house, that that

body had re-considered the vote of yesterday, concurring in the resolution limiting the number of justices of the peace, and resolved to non-concur.

**HOUSE.**—Mr. Brewster introduced a resolution limiting the number of justices of the peace—4 to a population of 500 and less—6 to a population of 1000—and 10 to a population of 1500 and over, and none to be appointed from the legislature. After considerable discussion, the resolution was laid upon the table.

**RESOLUTIONS.**—By Mr. Stevens instructing the committee on Agriculture to inquire into the expediency of an act to encourage agriculture, adopted; by Mr. Needham of B. instructing the committee on manufactures to inquire into the expediency of further encouragement to the growth of silk, adopted.

The Senate came in, and both houses in joint committee, proceeded to consider county nominations, and the following appointments were made.

**WINDHAM COUNTY.**—Peter R. Taff, Henry Wheelock, Assistant Justices.—Gates Perry, Jr. Sheriff, Calvin Townsley, High Bailiff. Alexander S. Campbell, States Attorney. Marshal Miller, Walter Eager, Wm. R. Shafter, jail commissioners. Abel Hubbard, Inspector of Hops.

**WINDSOR COUNTY.**—Samuel W. Porter, David Pierce, Assistant Justices. O. P. Chandler, States Attorney. John S. Marcy Judge of Probate for the district of Hartford. Thomas F. Hammond, Judge of Probate for the District of Windsor.—Benj. Swan, Walter Palmer, Eliphalet Dunham, jail commissioners.

**ADDISON COUNTY.**—Sam'l H. Holley, Calvin Solace, Assistant Justices. Azariah Road, Sheriff. A. D. Collamer, High Bailiff. E. N. Briggs, States Attorney. Sam'l Swift, Judge of Probate for the district of Addison. Harvey Munsell, Judge of Probate for the district of New Haven. Ira Stewart, Dorastus Wooster, Joel Donahue, commissioners for the jail at Middlebury. John Pierpont, Elliot Sherrill, Harry B. Seymour, commissioners for the jail at Vergennes.

**RUTLAND COUNTY.**—Wm. C. Kittredge, Nathan T. Sprague, Assistant Justices. Ira Parsons, Sheriff. A. W. Reed, High Bailiff. Solomon Foote, States Attorney. Wm. Hall, Judge of Probate for the district of Rutland. Almon Warner, Judge of Probate for the district of Fairhaven. Robert Pierpont, Luther Daniels, Wm. Fay, jail commissioners.

**CHITTENDEN COUNTY.**—Joseph Marsh, Wm. Wood, Assistant Justices. G. A. Allen, Sheriff. J. P. Richards, H. B. Stacy, John C. Gray, jail commissioners. John Allen, Inspector of Hops.

**FRANKLIN COUNTY.**—Geo. Green, Austin Fuller, Assistant Justices. Jephtha Bradley, Sheriff. Richard A. Shattuck, High Bailiff. Geo. F. Wooster, States Attorney. Wm. Bridges, Judge of Probate for the district of Georgia. James Davis, Bates Turner, Jos. H. Brainard, jail commissioners. Orville Kimpton, Inspector of Hops.

**ORLEANS COUNTY.**—Portus Baxter, A. R. French, Assistant Justices. Jacob Bates, Sheriff. E. G. Strong, High Bailiff. Charles Story, State's Attorney. Joseph Wiggins, Judge of Probate for the district of Orleans. John Killam, Joseph Wiggins, Joseph Chapman, Jail Commissioners. Chester Carpenter, Inspector of Hops.

**LAKE COUNTY.**—Henry Stowell, Joseph Waterman, Assistant Justices. Almerin Tinker, Sheriff. Luther H. Brown, High Bailiff. O. W. Butler, State's Attorney. Daniel Dodge, Judge of Probate for the district of Lamoille. George W. Gates, Asahel Raymond, S. S. Jones, Jail Commissioners. David Campbell, Inspector of Hops.

**ESSEX COUNTY.**—Azariah Webb, Jr., Brigham Pike, Assistant Justices.—Greenleaf Webb, Sheriff. John Schoff, High Bailiff. William Heywood, Jr., State's Attorney. Royal Cutler, Judge of Probate. Timothy Fairchild, Wm. Rich, John Dodge, Jail Commissioners. James May, Inspector of Hops.

**GRAND-ISLE COUNTY.**—John M. Sowles, Samuel Adams, Assistant Justices.—H. H. Reynolds, Sheriff. George W. Goodrich, High Bailiff. Hector Adams, State's Attorney. Joel Allen, Judge of Probate. Elihu Parks, Ira Allen, Wm. H. Russell, Jail Commissioners. John Reynolds, Inspector of Hops.

Slavery in the District of Columbia.—The Senate took up the resolution on the subject, when Mr. Porter moved that it be indefinitely postponed, and on the question the ayes and noes were demanded by Mr. Grandy; yeas 13, noes 15. On motion of Mr. Palmer, ordered to be laid upon the table.

## GENERAL INTELLIGENCE.

**COAL.**—The citizens of Providence, as we learn from the Journal, are in hopes of discovering coal in the immediate neighborhood of their city. At a late meeting of the Common Council of Providence, that body appropriated the sum of two thousand dollars for the purpose of making the necessary exploration. "Those who have given this subject their attention," says the Journal, "and who are qualified to judge of such matters, do not hesitate to declare their entire confidence in the ultimate success of the undertaking, and that the search will be rewarded by the discovery of rich and extensive veins of both anthracite and bituminous coal. The coal mine in Cumberland is regarded as no longer an experiment, and the geological indications of the presence of this valuable mineral in that town, are believed to be essentially similar to those in Providence."

From the New-York Spectator.

**MEXICO.**—We have already announced the approaching departure of Senor Gorostiza, the Mexican envoy, from this country. In reference to this event, the New York American states, on information furnished "from a pretty good source," that the cause of Senor Gorostiza's departure is the refusal of our government to recall Gen. Gaines from Nacogdoches, which it seems that he has demanded on the part of Mexico. If this account of the matter be true, a war with Mexico may probably supervene, although we think it little probable that the Mexican government, weak and impoverished as it is, will be very ready to engage in strife with us. Nevertheless it may, and in view of that possibility, the subjoined remarks made by the American are worth perusing. The war, if commenced at all, will doubtless be chiefly one of privateering, on the Mexican side; and it may be well to speculate a little on the question, how many cruizers of other nations will, for the nonce, run up the Mexican flag.

"If this should prove to be true, we shall be in great danger of a war with Mexico, than which none could prove more disastrous to our commerce. With every thing at stake on our part, in every sea, Mexico offers not a vulnerable point. Her only weak part is Texas, now all but an ally to the United States, and as for commerce she has none, and pestilence around her sea-coast secures her from invasion in that quarter.

In such a war, Mexico has every thing to gain and nothing to lose—the U. States every thing to lose, and nothing to gain—not even glory.

**STEAM COMMUNICATION WITH ENGLAND.**—We are told that a new steam engine has been invented in this State, which will require only one sixth as much coal as those in use, and at the same time possesses equal power. An intelligent friend who has some knowledge of this invention expresses his entire confidence in its success. Should the result equal his expectations, the only remaining obstacle of a serious nature, to steam communication with England, and other transatlantic countries, will be removed. But be this as it may, we have arrived very nearly to the point of time, when the crossing of the Atlantic by steam, will be undertaken as a regular business. The year 1837 will witness the attempt. Steam ships for this purpose are now building in New York, Liverpool and Bristol. The raising of the stern frame of the last mentioned vessel, was deemed an event of so great importance in Bristol, that it was greeted by salutes of artillery and "three times three cheers" from the multitude of beholders. Her keel is to be longer than that of any steam vessel or ship of war hitherto built in the United Kingdom, and she is to be driven by a power equal to that of 400 horses. At the Bristol dinner on the occasion just alluded to, Mr. Guppy said, "We contemplate that the intercourse between this port and New York, between this Kingdom and America, by this vessel and others belonging to the Company, will be conducted in a manner never till the present time imagined to be possible."—*Jour. Com.*

**EXPORTS AND IMPORTS OF THE UNITED STATES.** In the space of some forty-five years the value of the exports of the United States have increased from the sum of some \$19,000,000 to the present enormous amount of some \$123,000,000. In the year 1791, the imports into the United States were valued at \$19,323,000; at present they reach \$150,000,000.

From the same period cotton dates its cultivation in our country, and independence of the millions of bales exported, it is said that at least \$40,000,000 is chiefly invested in its manufacture in some 800 factories in our own country. The internal improvements which during the same period have been effected throughout the Union, exhibit alike the amazing enterprise and growth of the United States.

Independent of turnpikes and McAdamsized roads, upwards of 2000 miles of rail roads, and 3000 miles of canals have been constructed, in all of which have been invested upwards of \$120,000,000.—These, too, have all been mainly constructed since the year 1817, and in which time, be it remembered, the country has liquidated a debt of the same amount, viz. \$120,000,000.—*New Orleans Bulletin.*

**MARL.**—Professor Hitchcock, of Amherst College, has communicated to the Springfield Gazette, a valuable article in relation to the *marl* discovered in W. Springfield, and other places in this vicinity. It is especially deserving the attention of farmers. If the marl discovered proves to be as abundant as is supposed, and can be applied successfully to fertilize the soil, it will be a most valuable acquisition to the foreign interests, and indeed to the whole of the community.—*N. E. Spectator.*

**CAUSE OF THE CROUP IN INFANTS.**—Eberle, in his excellent work on the diseases of children, says that the mode of clothing infants with their necks and upper part of their breasts bare, cannot fail to render them subject to the influence of cold, and its dangerous consequences. In this country, especially among the Germans, who are in the habit of clothing their children in such a manner as to leave no part of the breast and lower portion of the neck exposed, croup is an exceeding rare disease. Whereas in cities, or among people who adopt the mode of dress common in cities, this frightful disease is in proportion to the population vastly more frequent.

The New York police court has decided that a man is liable to be fined ten dollars for refusing to assist in working an engine at a fire when commanded so to do by the engineer.

**PROSPERITY IN ENGLAND.** It would seem new towns are springing up in England almost as rapidly as in our own country. we find the following in the last London paper.

"*Hereford.* The cotton spinning and power loom weaving is very brisk. Joiners, bricklayers, &c. are scarce. Nearly 400 houses have been built, or are now in a state of erection."

What a contrast this to the days of England's military glory! Then every branch of industry was paralyzed, the cries of poor, starving laborers came up in groans, and riots and shouts of revolution.—Now peace has spread quiet and prosperity on every side.—*Journal of Commerce.*

## EDITORIAL SUMMARY.

The Massachusetts Silk Company, incorporated one year ago with a capital of \$150,000, has 78,000 mulberry trees in flourishing condition.

The emigration to the United States during the past season, exclusive of what has come through the Canadas, is estimated at 100,000.

It is said that Houston has invented a new and a fully destructive weapon to arm the Texans with. It cuts, stabs and shoots with the most frightful celerity.

The Michigan Convention which refused State organization, on the condition prescribed by Congress, have appointed Austin E. Wing, Andrew Mack and Robert Clark, delegates to the next Congress to remonstrate with that body and obtain if possible what they view to be right in the case.

The increase of revenue of Boston during the financial year 1836, exceeds that of 1835 by \$800,883.12—the former having been \$3,571,216.56—the latter \$4,272,129.98.

The annual export of tobacco from the United States, for the last 21 years has been 99,331,000 pounds!

It is said that the property of the famous Rathbun, of Buffalo, has sold much better than was anticipated. It is thought that his creditors will get all their demands, principal and interest.

It has been estimated that the present entire population within the limits of the United States, including Indians, amounts to 16,800,000.

The proportion of Protestants in Ireland is said to be constantly diminishing—being at present only about one-tenth of the whole population.

One house in Salem, Mass., advertises for 100 journeymen shoemakers.

The town of Rons, in Maine has 200 saw-mills. The Portland Advertiser reckons the number of saw-mills in the State at from 1,500 to 2,000.

The first Thursday in December has been appointed by the Governor of Maine, for public thanksgiving in that State.

The N. C. Watchman states that slaves were lately sold at Wardsboro' at \$1300 each!

Thanksgiving in New-Hampshire, Nov. 17.

Some of the liberals, among the Canadian papers, are calling loudly for separation and independence.

## WEEKLY RECEIPTS.

Cyrus Edson	1.50	L. P. Parks	1.50
Alanson Pierce	1.50	John Bowker	1.50
Joseph McNeill	1.50	John Benham	1.50
John Pettengill	1.50	R. Rockwell	1.50
Samuel Manning	50	Richard Stafford	50
E. Woods 2d	1.50	Stephen Stafford	50
L. Woods	3.00	Abel Woods	25
C. Andrews	1.00	E. H. Aiken	86

## MARRIED.

In this town, Mr. William P. Gray to Miss Juliet Stuart.

In this town, 14th ult. by Chester Winslow, James B. Soper, to Louisa E. Arnold.

## DIED.

In this village, 28th ult., Julia Sophronia, wife of Ephraim Maxham, and daughter of Shubal Simons of Williamstown, aged 28 years. In this death, the husband, a tender child, the church of Christ and society around sustain a severe loss.

In Rutland, on Monday last, Mrs. Sarah Johnson, widow of the late Dea. John Johnson, aged 101 years, wanting only a few days. She came to her end by her clothes taking fire while in a room alone, and when discovered she was so shockingly burnt that she survived but a short time.

In Shrewsbury, 2d ult. David Holden, Esq. aged 74.

In Rochester, 20th ult. Joshua C. Leavitt, late of Whitehall and formerly of Moriah, N. Y., aged 26 years.

In Jamaica, Vt., Oct. 2, Miss Celine Ames, aged 17 years, after seven months illness of consumption. During her latter days she was favored with the light of God's countenance. As I sat by her, 3 hours before her final departure, she requested me to call all in, and then exclaimed, "Lord receive me."

"Come on, come on, my brethren dear; Soon we shall meet together there, For Jesus bids us come."

She then said that she saw a wonderful light, and added, "O! can this be death? There is not a pang. Tell Susan [a sick sister expecting soon to follow her] not to be afraid—it is no alarming thing to die; I had rather die than live and get well. We all shall meet in heaven." She then asked me to pray, "I endeavored to pray that the Lord would be with her through. She interrupted me, saying, "do not pray for me—pray for those who have no God." Her last words were, "O grave! where is thy victory? O death! where is thy sting? Jesus is all in all. O! can this be death? There is not a pang. I must go to sleep and rest." Soon after, she ceased to breathe. (Comm.)

## NOTICES.

**MINUTES OF THE BAPTIST ASSOCIATIONS WANTED.**—The Clerks of the respective Baptist Associations in this State, are requested to forward a copy of their minutes, without delay, to brother Joseph Freeman, Saxton's River Village, in order that he may prepare a statistical table of the churches for the minutes of the Convention about to be published.

J. FREEMAN, Clerks of Convention.

C. A. THOMAS, do.

**To the Churches of the Barre Association.**—The printed Minutes of the Association are received, and ready for distribution. Brethren coming to E. Bethel will please call on me and receive their quota.

L. KIMBALL.

East Bethel, Oct. 19, 1836.

The Treasurer of the Baptist Convention of Vt. gives notice that there is left in his hands the lists of monies pledged to Mr. Bailey and Mr. Wilcox, late agents in Vermont for the American Baptist Home Mission Society. A part of the sums thus pledged were paid at the late session of the Convention at Windsor.—Those benevolent donors who have not yet paid in what they have subscribed, will please to forward it by mail or otherwise, to the subscriber, that it may be forwarded to the Treasurer of said Home Mission, with as little delay as possible.

JOHN CONANT, Treasurer.

5 of the Baptist Convention of Vt.

**REQUEST.** Any persons having letters or papers from the late Rev. G. F. Davis, containing matter suitable for insertion in a Memoir of him now preparing, are requested to forward them immediately, to Mrs. Abigail Davis, of Hartford, Conn., or to Mr. Isaac Davis, No. 28, Washington-street, Boston. Such papers will be returned to their owners if desired.—*Christian Secretary.*

Brother FREY requests his friends and correspondents to direct their letters to him to No. 369 Pearl-st., New York.

N. B. Our Baptist Editors will please copy this notice.

## TO THE PUBLIC.

THE undersigned respectfully invites the attention of those gentlemen and ladies who are admirers of taste and fashion, and at the same time studios of economy, to his well selected stock of Goods: consisting of Broadcloths; plain, striped and plaid Cassimeres; Satinets; Moleskins; plain and figured Merinos; Circassians; Camlets; Plaids; Prussians; Thibet, Merino, and Silk Shawls; Calicoes; Silks; Muslins; Laces; Cambrics; brown and bleached Sheetings and Shirts; Flannels; Gingham; cotton, gingham and silk Cravats; Stocks; Shoes; ladies' kid, lined and fur Gloves; silk plush Bonnets; Cloke Trimmings; dress Hdkfs; cotton and worsted Hose, &c. &c. Also, Crockery; Hardware; a full assortment of Groceries; and in fact nearly all things called for in a country store.—He will also say that his hopes of obtaining the patronage of the public are founded on the principle by which he is determined to carry on his business, viz: by supplying Goods of the best quality, to produce style of the first class, and to content himself with moderate profits, which he conceives to be the best means of meeting the competition of the present day, and the only plan that can give ultimate satisfaction to his customers. He also wishes it to be understood that every attention will be paid to those examining his stock; and that the lowest prices will be named, and such as he trusts will satisfy those favoring his call.

Respectfully,

T. S. ELDRIDGE.

Panton, Oct. 25, 1836. 6:4w

## HOUSE TO LET.

NEAR the Seminary, in this village, well situated for a boarding house. Inquire of the subscribers.

JOHN CONANT,

WILLARD KIMBALL.

Brandon, Nov. 1st, 1836. 6

## STATE OF VERMONT.